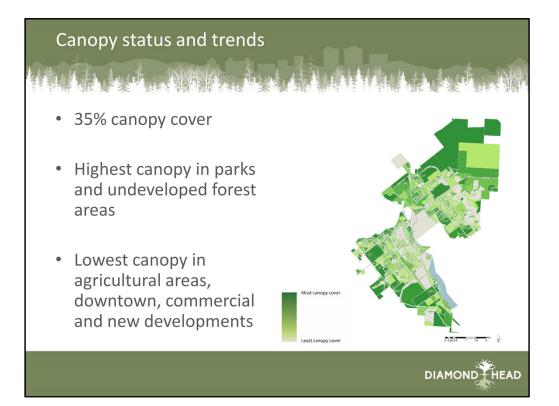
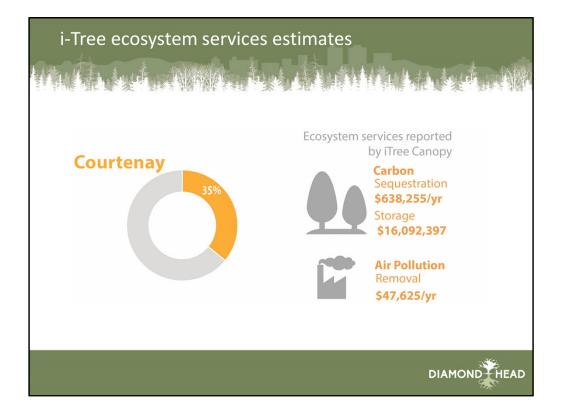
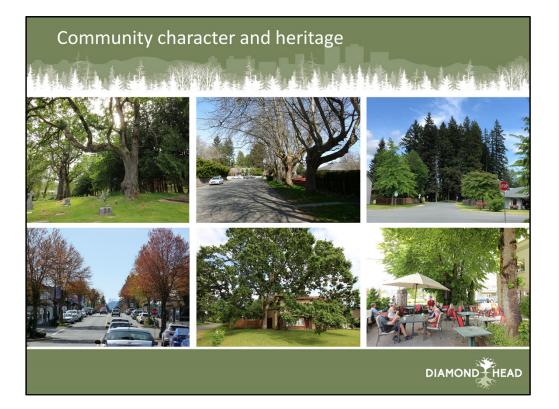


URBAN FOREST STATUS

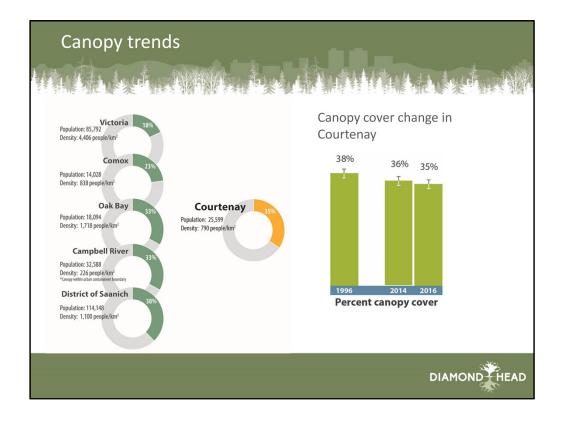




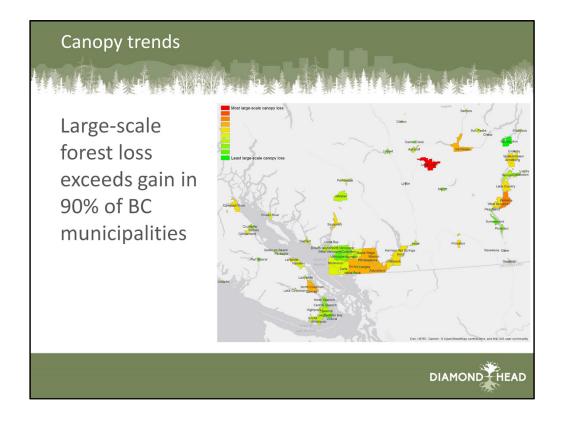




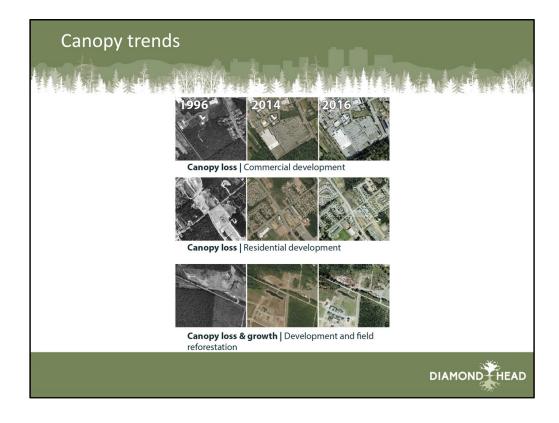
URBAN FOREST TRENDS



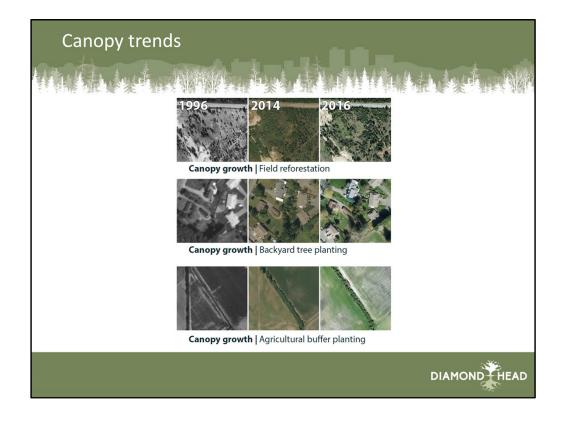
- Canopy in Courtenay is in line with other nearby municipalities with similar population, density and land use. Comox has lower canopy cover but a large portion of its land use is the Comox Valley Airport.
- Courtenay, like Campbell River has large areas of privately held forested land that are likely to develop at some time in the future.
- If these lands were completely denuded, Courtenay's canopy cover would drop significantly.
- The urban forest strategy is an opportunity to consider how to manage this change thoughtfully to ensure that the City maintains an urban forest legacy for the future.
- Over the last 20 years, Courtenay has been gradually losing canopy cover.



• Putting things in perspective, canopy cover decrease is a general trend for cities in BC and North America



- In Courtenay, canopy has historically been lost to a range of natural and human disturbances
- Since 1996, canopy has been lost to development, but areas have also seen forest growth over time (see bottom example)



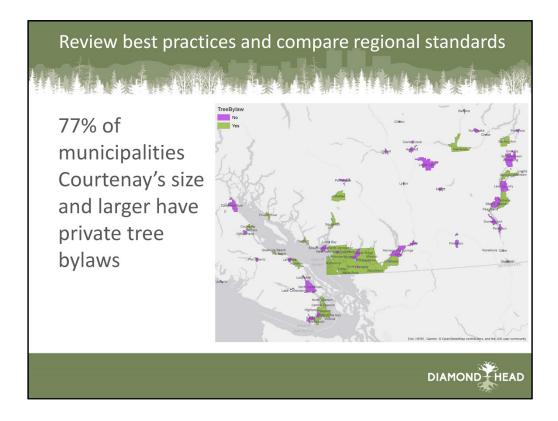
• Canopy has also grown where fields reforested (naturally or with human intervention), where trees were planted, in backyards, on streets and in parks, as well as in agricultural areas.

HOW CAN THE STRATEGY SHAPE THE FUTURE URBAN FOREST?

Knowing all of that about Courtenay's urban forest, how can the strategy shape its future?

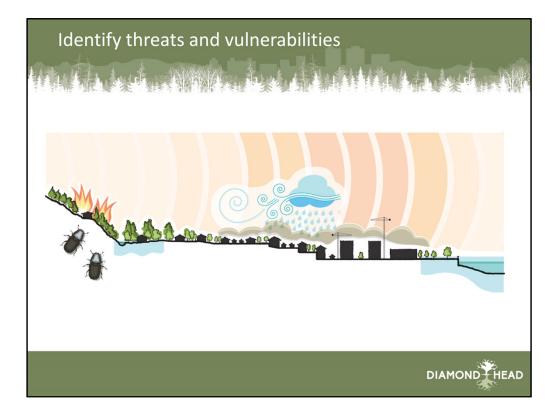


Urban forest strategies general focus on those five major themes

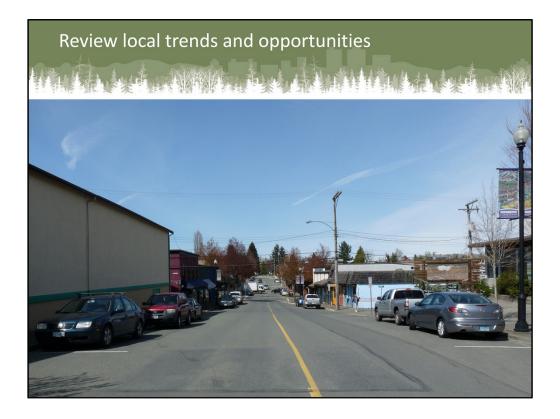


In our work to develop the UFS, we review best practices to manage the urban forest, and assess what kind of tools can help manage Courtenay's urban forest given its local context

• For example, most municipalities of Courtenay's size and larger have a private tree protection bylaw as one of their tools



We also review the major threats and vulnerabilities of Courtenay's urban forest. For example, what are the potential impacts of climate change on the urban forest? Are there pests or diseases that might threaten some tree species? Etc.



Finally, we look throughout the City to assess opportunities to grow the urban forest: are there certain parks, streets or land uses that could support more trees? For example, are there opportunities to plant more trees on Duncan street?



The Downtown Playbook process highlighted the community's desire to see a greener downtown

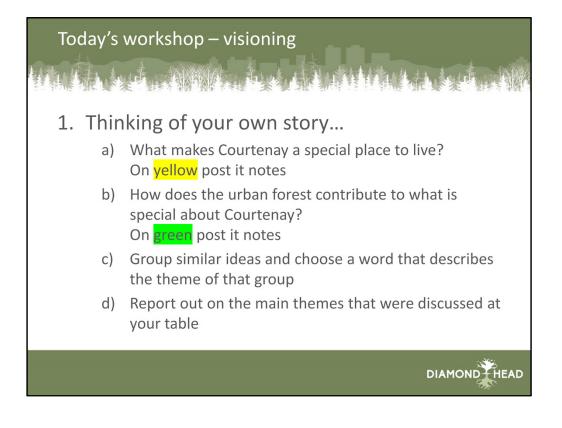


Perhaps it could one day look like this!

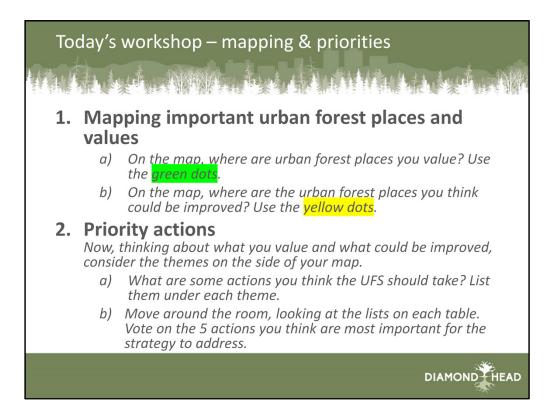
THERE IS A LOT WE CAN DO... BUT WHAT IS COURTENAY'S VISION?

Our plan for the workshop





- a) What makes Courtenay a special place to live? On yellow post it notes and place them on the top of your paper (5 mins)
- b) How does the urban forest contribute to what is special about Courtenay? On green post it notes (10 mins)
- c) On your paper, group similar ideas and choose a word that describes the theme of that group (10 mins)
- d) Report out the groups' findings (themes with some descriptive words) (10 mins)



1. Opportunities & priorities mapping

Work in table groups – on the map:

- a) On the map, where are urban forest places you value? Use the green dots.
- b) On the map, where are the urban forest places you think could be improved? Use the yellow dots.

2. **Priority actions**

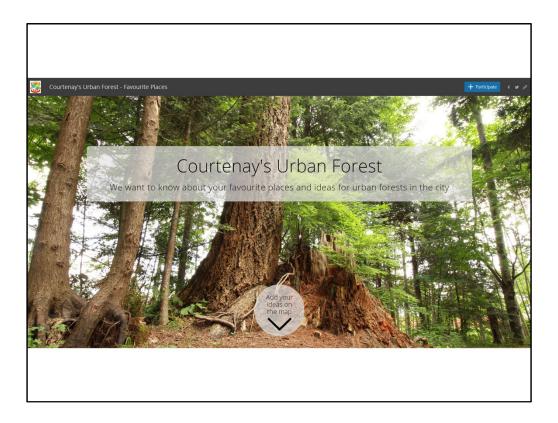
Now, thinking about what you value and what could be improved, consider the themes on the side of your map.

- a) What are some actions you think the UFS should take? List them under each theme:
 - Protection
 - Planting
 - Management
 - Stewardship
 - Learning and adaptation
- b) Move around the room, looking at the lists on each table. Vote on the 5 actions you think are most important for the strategy to address.

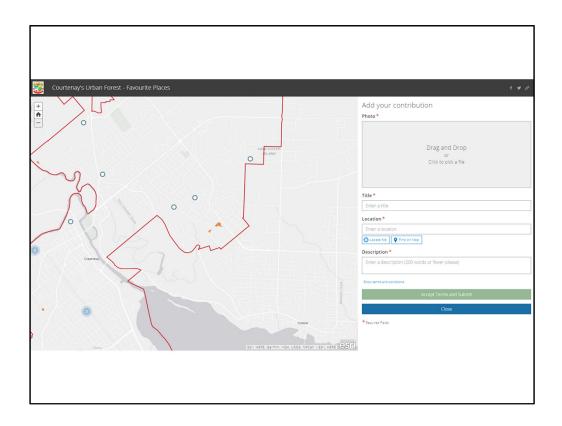
WHAT'S NEXT?

More opportunities for engagement











Next steps in the strategy process



